

DOTHAN'S POPULATION: 1900, 247; 1903, 2,375; 1910, 7,015; 1920, 24,000. "FOR I HEARD THEM SAY, LET US GO TO DOTHAN."

VOLUME 7 DOTHAN, ALABAMA, TUESDAY AFTERNOON AUGUST 26, 1914 NUMBER 59

GOVERNMENT TO AID THE SOUTHERN COTTON PRODUCER

Washington, Aug. 25.—It is stated by many leaders attending the cotton conference that many warehouses throughout the cotton section will soon be under construction and every effort be made to prevent downward movement and production and bankers are elated over the course of government aid.

Accept Warehouse Receipts.
Washington, Aug. 25.—Secretary Adoo announced to cotton congress that the Treasury Department is willing to accept cotton warehouse receipts as security for currency loaned to banks on the same basis as bonds or at the ratio seventy per cent.

Kaiser's Nephew Taken Prisoner By French

Paris, Aug. 25.—Count Von Scherwin, Kaiser Wilhelm's nephew, is taken prisoner by the French according to a dispatch from Council. Von Scherwin commanded a detachment of Uhlans.

German Attack Marines Near Antwerp.
Rosendal, Holland, Aug. 25.—Forty thousand Germans attacked Antwerp today. Germans evidently intend to invest Antwerp.

Cattaro Ports Destroyed.
Milan, Aug. 25.—French and English warships bombarding Cattaro have destroyed all Austrian forts here.

Report German Fleet Destroyed.
Tokio, Aug. 25.—It is reported a German fleet at Tsing Tao has been destroyed.

MORE TEAM WORK IS NEEDED

Have you ever noticed a team of eight mules, trying to pull a load out of a hole or bog? First one mule and then the other makes a lurch, but very little progress is made. But watch them when they all pull together, something doing them. All together and ahead they go.

Dotohan needs more of just this kind of pull together spirit right now. It needs it perhaps worse than ever before in its history. An unexpected situation has suddenly developed with reference to the cotton crop. Again a great opportunity has opened up before us that will enable us to raise profitably various food crops—crops that can be sold in cash markets, and converted into hogs. In a few weeks a largely increased demand

GERMANS UPSET ALLIES PLANS OF ATTACK

London, Aug. 25.—With Namur in their possession and the first offensive movement of French and British allies crushed in Southeastern Belgium, Germans pushed on to attack the French border today.

Advices from the field state that Alsace is on the defensive, having fallen back from advanced positions after three days of the most furious fighting known to modern warfare. Losses on both sides were enormous, but no official figures have yet been received.

The fall of Namur caused amazement here and in Paris. Dispatches indicate that the Germans completely upset the plan of attack conceived by General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the allies. Special mention is made of the gallantry of the British forces under Sir John French.

British Losses Total 2,000.
London, Aug. 25.—Premier Asquith announced that the British losses on the continent are estimated at two thousand.

Germans Take 10,000 French Prisoners.
Washington, Aug. 25.—The German embassy received a wireless announcing that the Germans took ten thousand French prisoners including many generals with a number of cannons in fighting along the border. Claims the French were crushingly defeated.

A Zeppelin Drops Bombs on Antwerp.
Antwerp, Aug. 25.—A Zeppelin air ship flew over the city this morning dropping several bombs. Two houses were destroyed and many non-combatants were killed.

Report German Fleet Destroyed.
Tokio, Aug. 25.—It is reported a German fleet at Tsing Tao has been destroyed.

LENKEIT SAYS GERMANY WILL WHIP ALLIES

B. A. Lenkeit, Native of Berlin, Germany, Who Served Three Years in United States Army. Tells of Requirements of German Government.

By Chester Vickery.
The war in Europe will result in final victory for Germany, in the opinion of B. A. Lenkeit, a local painter, and native of Berlin, Germany, who left the Fatherland when sixteen years old.

Lenkeit does not minimize the importance of the nations and armies pitted against his native land, but he believes the apparent superiority of the German army, their equipment, the resourcefulness and tenacity of his people, cannot result but in glorious victory for the home land.

To Save Germany.
Germany is fighting to protect herself from annihilation by her enemies, according to Lenkeit, who also admits that there are many and complex contributing causes for the war. That the desire for a republican form of government, entertained by the fighting men of all armies, and likewise a religious significance to the titanic struggle, is admitted by Lenkeit.

Germany's Army.
When one realizes the requirements of the German government, it is easy to understand why the army of that nation, aside from any feeling of partisan sympathy, has attracted the admiration of the neutral world.

Lenkeit tells a good story, which he uses in illustrating the preparedness of his native country for war at any time. He says he served three years in the United States army, second battalion of engineers and that he was located in Cuba. During that period, he says he never had target practice; that only on a few occasions did he see the cartridges used in the guns. In contrast to this, he says the German army, even in peaceful times, has target practice nearly every day, continuous heavy marching and drill exercises, thus keeping the men in the pink of physical condition all the time.

Strict Requirements.
In the Fatherland, according to Lenkeit, a male German is compelled to go to school when he reaches the age of 6, and must remain in school until the age of 14. If the child misses an hour out of school during this time, his parents are fined. If he misses a day, a policeman is sent to his home to take him to school. Of course there are exceptions in cases of illness, etc.

All Must Work.
From the ages of 14 to 18, the German boy, rich or poor, is compelled by the government to learn a trade, even if he is so wealthy that he need never work. After this period it is the custom, although it is not compulsory, for young men to be sent traveling to many parts for the educational advantages thus afforded.

When the German boy reaches the age of 20 he is compelled by the government to serve from two to four years in the army, this mandate being rigidly enforced among the

CITY TO FORCE ST. CROSSINGS

Fight Started Against Coast Line For Opening of Foster and College Streets.

Condemnation proceedings have been instituted by the city against the Atlantic Coast Line railroad company to force the opening of Foster and College streets across the tracks of the railroad company in the northern part of the city.

The proper papers it is said have been filed in the circuit court, and the next step taken will be the appointment of a jury of three men to appraise the value of the property of the railroad company, which the city purposes to clear out of the way for the street crossings.

It is believed that when the three men are appointed, that some steps will be taken by the lawyers for the railroad company, but so far nothing has been done by the opposite side in the circuit court.

In view of the fact that there are but two street crossings over the railroad tracks in the northern part of town, it is believed that traffic and trade with the territory north of Dothan has been to an extent handicapped in past years. The city has endeavored to get the Coast Line to permit the crossings, but apparently to no avail. The city now purposes to carry the matter into the courts. It is understood the railroad will fight the case.

GOOD BILL AT AIRBORNE

The Gibson Trio, at the Airborne Theatre last night, received three curtain calls from the audience. Roy Rogers, rag time singer, made a decided hit. Alvino and Rialto, acrobats, were well received by the audience. The entire bill was good.

The "Landstrum."
The German army is very rigid in its physical requirements. For instance should a man report for service at the age of 20, and the examination show some physical defect on fingers, arm or any part of the body, the man is required to come back and report for duty once a year for three years. If the defect has not been corrected during this period, the applicant is committed to what is known as the "Landstrum," so he has to fight anyway should his country ever need his services.

Lenkeit says about one-fourth of the population of the United States are Germans or of German descent.

Drink—

Maxwell House

Blend



CUP OF QUALITY

COFFEE

The most delicious cup that ever graced a dining table.

Sold Everywhere.
Charles-Hood Coffee Co.,
Boston, Portland, Jacksonville

TAXATION AND INSURANCE TO BE DISCUSSED

Chamber of Commerce Accepts Invitation to Send Delegation to Montgomery.—Secretary Cobb is Optimistic.

The Chamber of Commerce of Dothan has been invited to send a delegation to Montgomery, October 15, to discuss, with representatives of other Alabama commercial organizations, the subjects of insurance and taxation, and the invitation has been accepted. Secretary N. T. Cobb, of the local organization, believes the general meeting will be of great benefit to the State.

Following is the correspondence: Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 22, 1914. Chamber of Commerce, Dothan, Ala. Gentlemen:

The Chamber of Commerce of Montgomery, by resolution, has decided to call a State convention in Montgomery for October 15th.

Our committee on insurance and taxation hold to the view that we should not undertake to assemble the citizens of Alabama to discuss this subject without the approval of the commercial organizations of Mobile, Birmingham, Selma, Huntsville, Dothan and Tuscaloosa.

It is proposed that this convention raise a committee to discuss the working out of a plan of tax revision to be submitted to the Revenue Commission before the assembling of the Legislature in January. We believe that such committee would be able to present a workable plan that would remedy the present conditions in Alabama.

The purpose of this letter is to ask your organization to advise us at once if you approve of holding this convention, and if so, authorize us to use the name of your organization in issuing the call. Please bear in mind in approving the call, you will be expected to send a delegation of your representative members to Montgomery to attend the meeting.

An early answer is requested. Yours very truly, BRUCE KENNEDY, Gen. Secretary.

August 25, 1914. Mr. Bruce Kennedy, Secretary, Chamber of Commerce, Montgomery, Ala.

Dear Sir: With reference to your letter of August 22nd received today, the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce of Dothan, instruct me to thank you for your communication, and inform you that this body will be represented at the meeting to be held in Montgomery for October 15 to discuss the subject of insurance and taxation, and to submit a plan of tax revision to the Revenue Commission of the State of Alabama before the assembly of the Legislature in January.

Our people are heartily in favor of this movement. Yours very truly, N. T. COBB, Sec'y.

Mrs. John Thrasher left today for Clearwater, Fla., to make her home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Henderson will be at home at Mrs. Thrasher's after September 1st.

PARIS IS IN GLOOM OVER FRENCH DEFEAT

Paris, Aug. 25.—Burning villages and heaps of dead lying around Charleroi show the ferocity with which the allies opposed the German hordes that finally drove them back to French soil.

For ten hours the tide of battle ebbed and flowed around Charleroi which was taken and retaken six times before the allies finally relieved. Part of the city was wrecked and the villages of Machelen, Monceau, Chatelet and Landilles were burned.

An extraordinary council of war was held this morning and Paris is in gloom today following the announcement of defeat by the government.

The war office announced it is hiding nothing and continues to tell the people the truth about the war.

British Troops to Aid Japanese at Tsing Tao.
Shanghai, Aug. 25.—British troops and supplies have been sent to aid Japanese investing Tsing Tao.

To Elect New Pope in 31st.
Rome, Aug. 25.—The conclave to elect a new pope will begin August 31st.

Cannabonding Near Mons.
London, Aug. 25.—Reports of cannabonding near Mons are coming in. This indicates that the Germans have reached the entrenched allies overnight and the great battle resumed.

MAYOR JONES.
The State provides an attorney general to attend to its legal business, and he is paid a salary to do so. When the Governor employs additional counsel, without warrant of law, the Supreme Court holds same to be error. The city employs and pays a lawyer to see after its legal affairs, and when other attorneys are engaged "who pays the freight?" C. E.

DOTHAN LAMK 400 A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications held or around Saturday afternoon and Thursday nights around, ing fourth Saturday of each month. Visiting brethren are extended a cordial invitation to meet with us.

J. S. Connor, W. M.
G. A. Scott, Secretary.

DOTHAN CHAPTER NO. 128
R. A. M.
Regular convocations held on 2nd and 5th Friday nights. Visiting companions are cordially welcome.

Chas. W. Newton, H. P.
H. L. Lantry, Secretary.

DOTHAN CHAPTER NO. 101, W. G. W.
Meets second and fourth Tuesday night over Mrs. Drew Store. All qualified Sovereigns are invited to meet with us.

H. E. Smith, G. G.
W. J. Smith, Clerk.

English Firms Will Reinstated Employees After The War

London, Aug. 25.—A majority of the largest firms in England today announced that at the conclusion of the war they would reinstate employees who gave up their positions to enlist and would pay half their regular salaries to their families while they are away. As a result thousands are flocking to the colors.

Namur and Five Ports in Hands of Germans.
Rayville, Long Island, Aug. 25.—A wireless from Berlin says that Namur and five of its forts are in the hands of Germans. Information is official and says the four remaining forts are being bombarded and their fall is imminent.

Germans Retire After Five Days Battle with Russians.
St. Petersburg, Aug. 25.—Occupation of Soldan and Noidenberg in East Prussia is announced by Russians. Germans retired after five days of fighting. The next objective of Russians is the field in Allenstein, which will open the way to attack on Berlin.

Goods Claimed BY NICHOLS.
Many of the goods found and seized in Mack Shivers store a few weeks ago which were said to have been part of the stock of the Shop of Quality, a bankrupt concern of Hartford, has been filed by Henry Nichols with Receiver C. C. Hughes.

In his claim it is said that Nichols points out that nobody but himself has a right to the goods, and that they belong to him. It is reported that Nichols was in the vicinity of Mack Shivers store the night the goods were seized. Much interest is centered in the outcome of the case, which will probably come up before the Receiver in bankruptcy for decision. A date for the hearing will probably be set soon.

Sheriff Prevented From Selling Goods

On the authority of a restraining order issued by Judge W. I. Grubb, sitting for Judge Henry D. Clayton of the United States Court for the Middle District of Alabama, and served by Deputy Clerk J. H. Dugan, Jr., on Sheriff B. O. Hay yesterday, the sheriff was enjoined from selling the Warlick stock of goods.

A few months ago attachment proceedings were instituted against Warlick, who operated or was connected with a merchandise store on East Main street. The stock was to have been sold under the direction of the Sheriff Monday, but was held up owing to the restraining order.

The restraining order was to prevent the stock of goods of Warlick Bros. Company from being sold. It is understood this same concern owned several stores in Georgia, and that litigation is also on in that State.